

## The data puzzle in Ghana's WASH sector:

causes and recommendations

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### **Outline**

- 1. The data puzzle in the WASH sector overview
- 2. Causes of data puzzle
- 3. Various types of data in circulation
- 4. Ghana Statistical Service and WASH data
- 5. Data on sanitation
- 6. MDGs, Global monitoring and the JMP
- 7. Recommendations
- 8. Discussion questions





### **About WSMP**

 The Water and Sanitation Monitoring Platform assembles, analyses, repackages and disseminates available WASH data to relevant stakeholders

WSMP is also engaged in WASH sector monitoring







### 1. The data puzzle in the WASH sector - overview

- Is Ghana on-track for MDGs?
- Is Ghana off-track?
- Is sanitation coverage really about 13%?
- Why is there such a wide gap between GSS/JMP/UN data and CWSA/GWCL data?
- Is somebody doing something wrong?







### 2. Causes of data puzzle

- Different definitions and indicators
- Different types of data
- Different agencies generating data
- Different data collection objectives
- Different data collection/analyses methodologies
- Wrong selection of available data for various uses







### 3. Types of data: User-based

- Data generated through periodic representative surveys and censuses
- Uniform definitions and indicators globally
- Usually based on actual use of facilities and user perceptions
- Access is measured by the type of facility people say they use at a given period







### 4. Types of data: Provider-based

- Data generated by service providers
- Data usually covers only operational areas of provider
- Data sometimes for administrative purposes
- Access is usually measured by the type of facility provided and the estimated number of people it can adequately serve
- Definitions and methodologies may differ between providers and countries



#### 5. Ghana Statistical Service and WASH data

- GSS conducts several surveys and census
  - Population and Housing Census, DHS, MICS, CWIQ, GLSS etc
- Questionnaire for these surveys usually include the type of water and sanitation facilities that people use
- WASH-related questions in GSS surveys are usually based on international (MDG-related) definitions/indicators



# Ghana Statistical Service and WASH data

- Currently, only GSS provides nationally representative user-based data on drinking water and basic sanitation
- GSS does not currently provide any report specifically on WASH
- GSS data may not provide all WASH sector information/data needs





### 5. Data on sanitation

- Sanitation here refers to toilet facilities
- There is currently no provider-based national coverage data on sanitation
- Only GSS provides user-based national coverage data on use of toilet facilities







### **Definitions**

Improved / unimproved water facilities

Definition of Access







### 6. MDGs, Global Monitoring and JMP

- MDG target for water and sanitation is to reduce by halve the proportion of people without sustainable access to safe drinking water and basic sanitation by 2015
- The base year for MDG monitoring is 1990







### MDGs, Global Monitoring and JMP

- Progress indicators for this target are:
  - The proportion of population **USING** an improved drinking water source
  - The proportion of population **USING** an improved sanitation facility
- The JMP is simply WHO and UNICEF, mandated by the UN to monitor global MDG progress on WASH







### MDGs, Global Monitoring and JMP

- The proportion of the population with access to safe drinking water is an indicator expressed as the percentage of people **USING** improved drinking water sources
- The proportion of the population with access to basic sanitation is an indicator expressed as the percentage of the population **USING** an improved sanitation facility







### 7. Recommendations

- Understand the types of data, their sources and their objectives
- Sustain efforts at harmonizing sector definitions
- Do not confuse UN MDGs with Local or national targets
- Only user-based data can be used to report on UN MDGs and compare countries







### For general discussion

- What gaps have you discovered with userbased data?
- When should user-based data be used?
- What gaps have you discovered with providerbased data?
- When should provider-based data be used?
- How do you think the gap between user/provider-based data can be reduced?
- Can the proposed multi-agency harmonized definition of access be adopted by all data collection agencies?
- Do you have any other recommendations?