GHANA GUINEA WORM ERADICATION PROGRAMME

NATIONAL OVERVIEW OF THE STATUS OF GUINEA WORM.

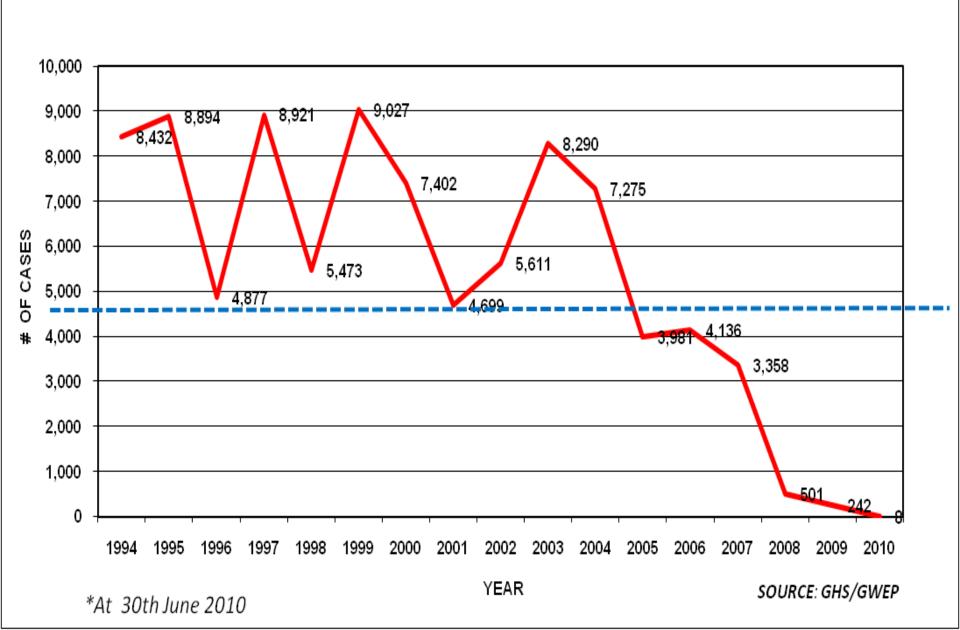
PRESENTED AT

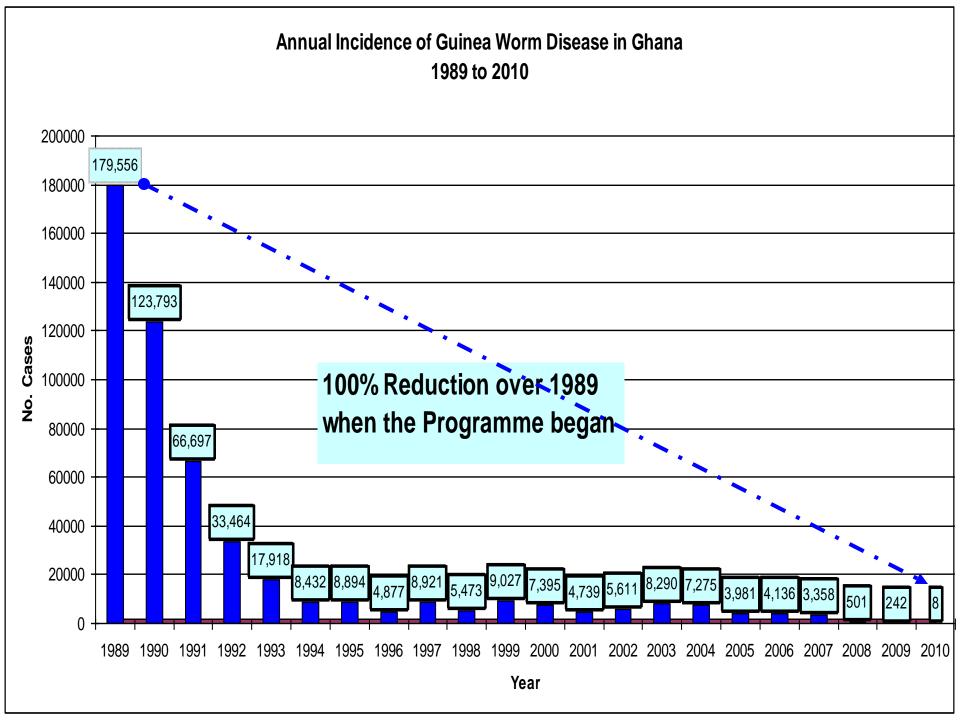
MOLE XXI CONFERENCE

KEY HIGHLIGHTS

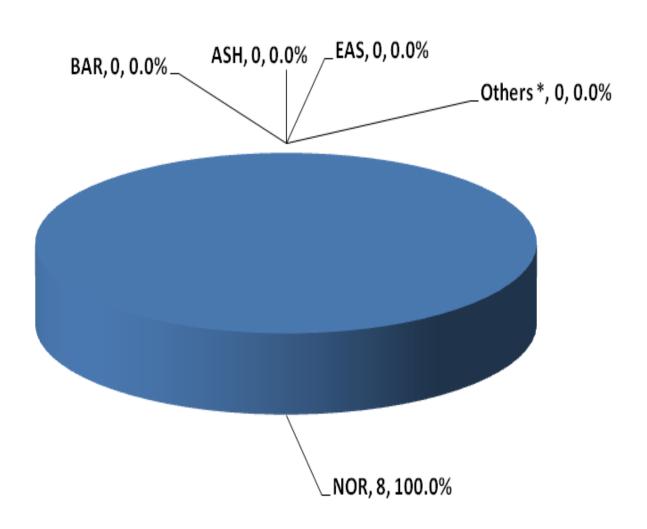
- Ghana recorded 8 Guinea Worm cases January 1
 2010 June 31, 2010. 97% reduction in cases over
 same period (Jan June 2009) where 228 cases
 were recorded.
- All 8 cases were recorded in the Northern Region.
- No Guinea worm case recorded in Central Gonja which was the most endemic district in 2009
- Diare in Savelugu Nanton district is currently the most endemic village in Ghana
- Cases recorded are; Bunkwa=1, Karaga Town=1,
 Dipali=2, and Diare=4.

Annual Incidence of Guinea Worm Disease in Ghana 1994 - 2010*

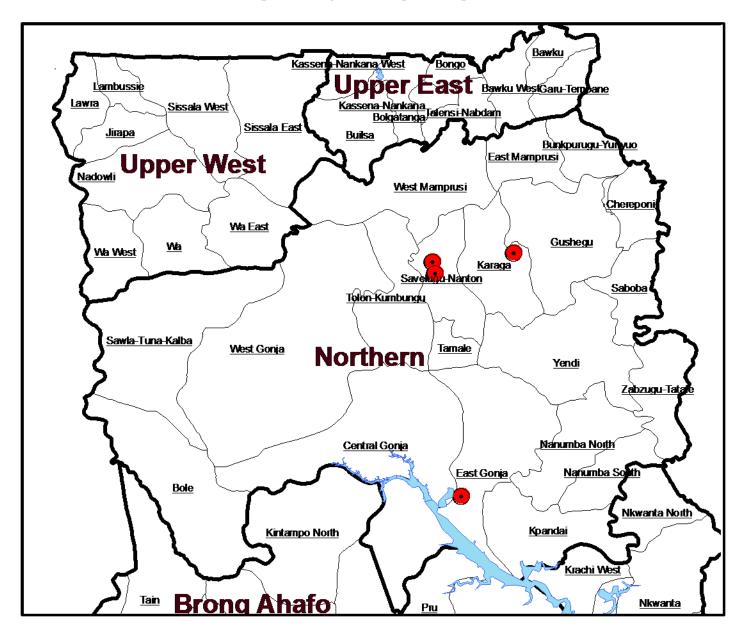


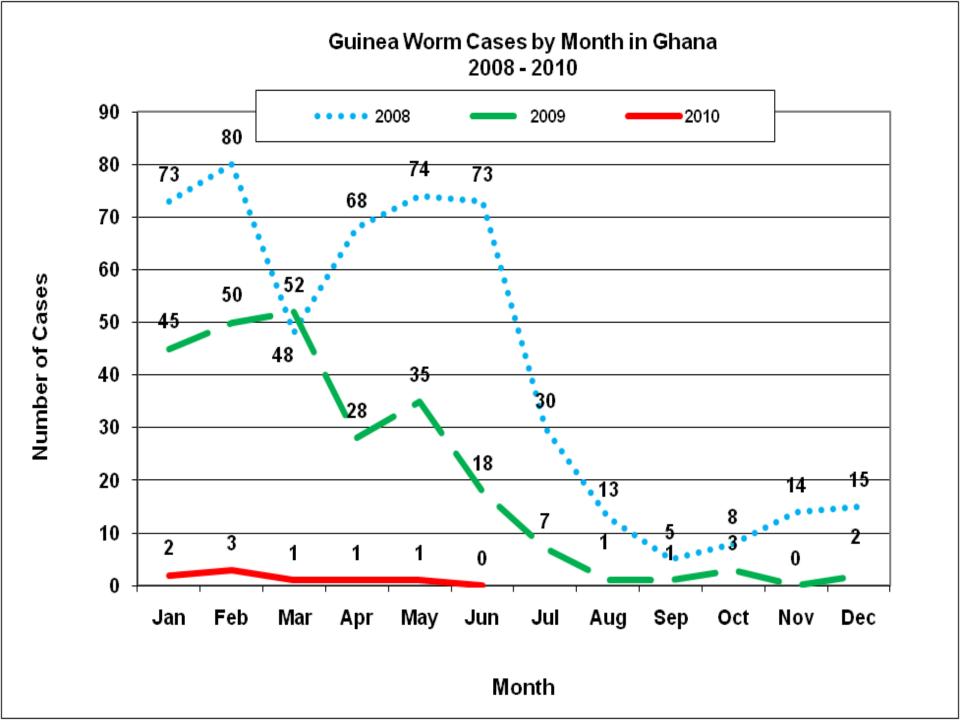


Regional Distribution of 8 cases of Guinea Worm Cases Reported in Ghana during Jan - Jun 2010



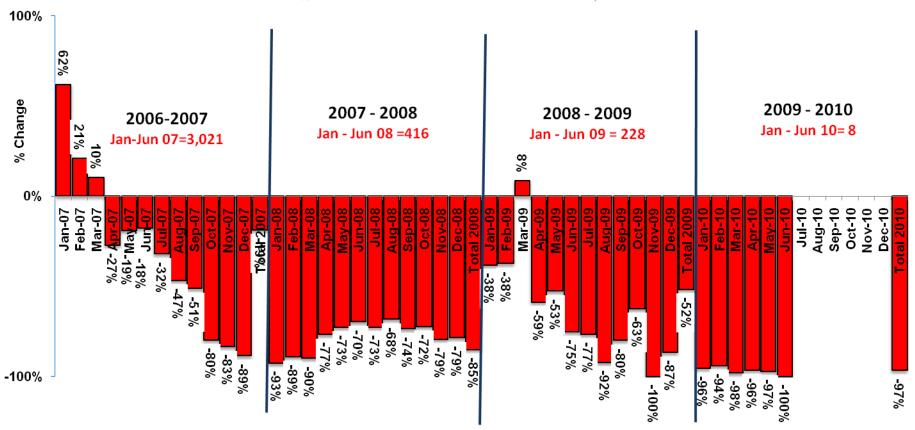
Location of Villages Reporting indigenous cases in 2010





GHANA GUINEA WORM ERADICATION PROGRAMME

% CHANGE in MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF GWD, 2007-2010*



*Last case emerged/ reported this year: 11th May 2010

Last case contained: 2nd Jun. 2010

Month

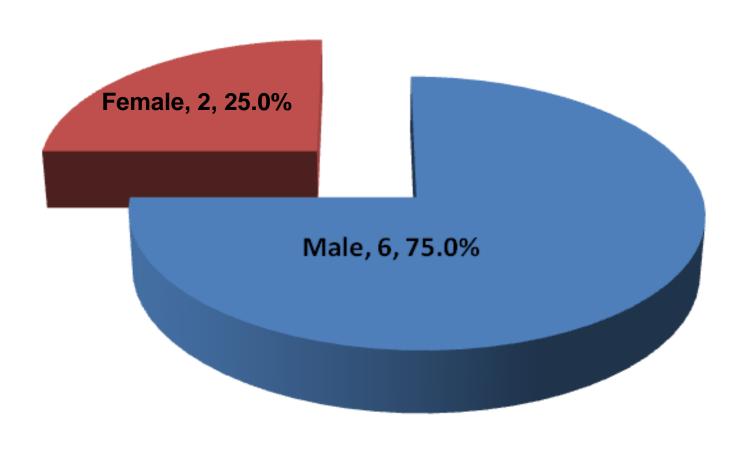
GHANA GUINEA WORM ERADICATION PROGRAM Status of 13 Districts of that Reported 1+ Cases in 2009

DISTRICT'S ARRANGED IN DESCENDING ORDER OF PERCENTAGE REDUCTION IN 2010

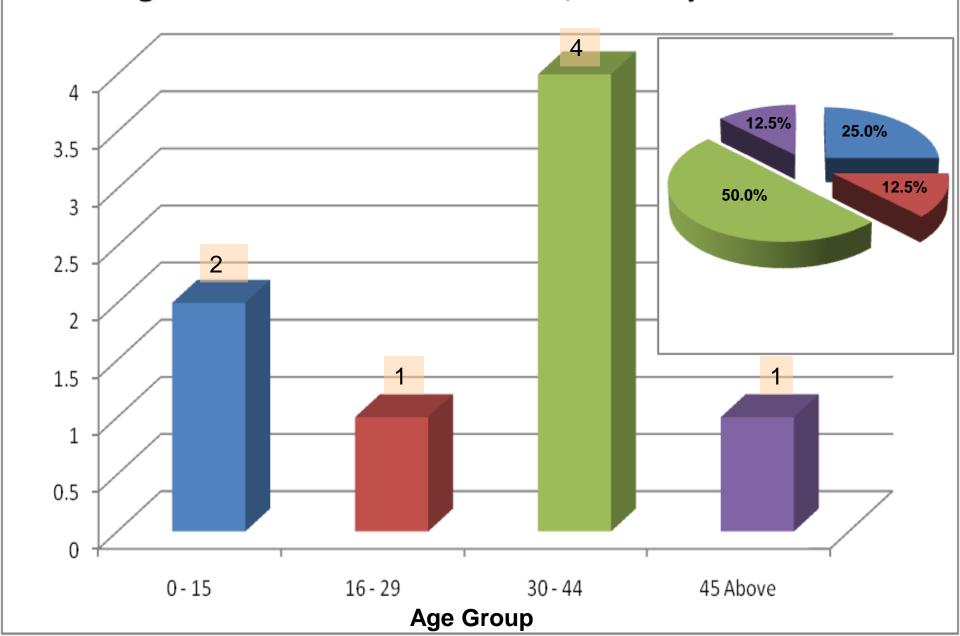
Dist#	District	Jan-Dec 2009	Cases Reported		% CHANGE		
			Jan-July 2009	Jan-Jul 2010	-100%	0%	100%
1	Central Gonja	148	143	0		-100%	
2	Tamale	9	8	0		-100%	
3	Yendi	7	7	0		-100%	
4	Tolon-Kumbungu	6	6	0	-	-100%	
5	West Gonja	4	4	0		-100%	
6	Ejura-Sekyedumasi	2	7	0		-100%	
7	Kintampo North	2	2	0		-100%	
8	Kwahu North	1	1	0		-100%	
9	Chereponi	1	1	0		-100%	
10	Gushegu	1	1	0		-100%	
11	East Gonja	11	11	1		-91%	
12	Savelugu-Nanton	47	41	6		-85%	
13	Karaga	3	3	1		-87%	
	Sub-Total	242	235	8		-97%	
	Other Districts *	0	0	0		-100%	
	Ghana Total	242	235	8		-96%	

SOURCE: GH S/GWEP

Distribution of GW Cases by Sex (Jan – June 2010)



Age Distribution of GW Cases, January - June 2010



Status of 8 cases reported in Ghana by Month

100%

100%

100%

100%

100%

100%

3

8

0

0

0

0

0

0

100%

100%

100%

100%

100%

100%

Jan – Jun, 2010						
MONTH	NUMBER OF CASES	CASES CONTAINED	% CONT.	CONT.AT HEALTH /CC CENTER	% CONT. AT CCC	CASES CURRENTLY PENDING

2

3

0

8

3

0

8

JANUARY

FEBRUARY

MARCH

APRIL

MAY

JUNE

TOTAL

Tracking of High Risk uncontained cases, 2009-2010

NO	MONTH	DISTRICT	VILL. DETECTED	NAME OF CASE	REASONS FOR NON- CONT.	CLASSIFICATION
1.	Feb-09	Kintampo N.	Gulumpe	Sumaila Mahama	Entered water source	High Risk
2.	Mar-09	Central Gonja	Kusawgu	Ayishetu Mumuni	Not detected within 24hrs	High Risk

Fozia Abukari

Samata Yakubu

Sumaya Adam

Barikisu Issah

Abukari Sulemana

Not Bandaged

within 24hrs

Not detected

within 24hrs

Entered water

Not detected

within 24hrs

Not detected

within 24hrs

source

High Risk

High Risk

High Risk

High Risk

High Risk

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

Mar-09

May-09

May-09

June-09

Jul-09

Savelugu

Savelugu

Savelugu

Savelugu

Savelugu

Savelugu

Dipali

Savelugu

Diare

Tampion

Status of 13 Endemic Districts of 2009 and Cases reported in 2010

		Endemic Villages under	Cases
No.	District	Surveillance	Recorded
1	CENTRAL GONJA	5	0
2	CHEREPONI	0	0
3	EAST GONJA	2	1
4	GUSHEGU	1	0
5	KARAGA	1	1
6	SABOBA	0	0
7	SAVELUGU NANTON	5	6
8	TAMALE	1	0
9	TOLON-KUMBUNGU	1	0
10	WEST GONJA	0	0
11	WEST MAMPRUSI	0	0
12	YENDI	2	0
13	KINTAMPO NORTH	1	0
TOTAL		19	8

CASE SERIAL #: 1
EPID #: GHA-NOR-KAR-10-0001

NAME: IMORO KARIM

AGE: 15 YEARS

SEX: MALE

ETHNICITY: DAGOMBA

OCCUPATION: SCHOOL (PRIM. 5)

RESIDENCE (CURRENT): KARAGA TOWN

(Yapalsi-fong)

LOCATION DETECTED: KARAGA TOWN

(Yapalsi-fong)

DATE DETECTED: 22/01/2010

SYMPTOMS/SIGNS ON

DETECTION: BLISTER

DATE ADMITTED HF/CC: 26/01/2010

DATE EMERGED: 30/01/2010

DATE FULLY EXPELLED: N/A

DATE DISCHARGED: 25/02/2010

CONTAINED: YES (CCC, TAM)

WORM STATUS: CUT BACK ON 10/02/2010

FINAL CLASSIFICATION: INDIGENOUS

IF IMPORTED, ORIGIN: N/A

LINK: <u>SHEIGBUNI FARM POND</u> (WAS

USED BY 2009 CASE AND IS A

FRIEND OF 2010 CASE).





MAJOR CHALLENGES

SHIFTING DEMOGRAPHICS

HIDDEN PONDS

NEXT STEPS

- SURVEILLANCE PROJECT
 - SENSITIZATION OF HEALTH STAFF ON IDSR/GWE Proj.
 - TRAINING & EQUIPING VVs
 - MONITORING, SUPERVISION & FEEDBACK
- COMMUNITY SENSITIZATION
 - BCC STRATEGY
 - MEETINGS WITH CHILDREN
- NATIONAL SENSITIZATION, AWARENESS CREATION. (Media)

CONCLUSION

- SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENTS SINCE 2005: SENSITIVITY OF SURVEILLANCE, RATE & QUALITY OF CONTAINMENT & CASE REDUCTION HAVE IMPROVED
- REMAINING CHALLENGES: COMPREHENSIVE SURVEILLANCE COUNTRYWIDE, WITH PROPER DOCUMENATION, RECORD KEEPING & EASY RETRIEVAL
- MORE REOURCES NEEDED: COMMITMENT OF ALL PARTNERS & TIMELY RELEASE OF ADEQUATE FUNDS

WE ACKNOWLEDGE AND THANK ALL OUR PARTNERS FOR THEIR UNRELENTING SUPPORT

